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THE GILWELL GAZETTE

Wood Badge Reminders

Please remember the following for Nov. 6-8

Day Four Program Patrol

Fox

Day Four Service Patrol

Beaver

Conservation Project
 Please bring the following:

200 21...g tile 10...

long pants

hat

gloves

water bottle

long sleeve shirt or other work shirt

• General Reminders

Purchase and pack food

Name tag

Participant Handbook (Camo binder)

Song Book

Tent

Sleeping Bag

Other Camping Gear

Pillow-towel-toiletries

Camp Chair

For other items, please refer to your equipment list and notes.

United States Flag Retirement

When the United States flag (Old Glory) becomes worn, torn, faded or badly soiled, it is time to replace it with a new flag. The old flag should be "retired" with all the dignity and respect befitting our nation's flag. The traditional method of retirement is to incinerate the flag, but this does not mean that one should simply drop the entire flag (intact) into a fire.

A flag ceases to be a flag when it is cut into pieces. In addition, it is easier to completely incinerate the flag if it is cut into smaller pieces. A flag should never be torn like an old bed sheet. It should be cut with scissors or shears in a methodical manner. The corners of the flag should be stretched out over a table top, and someone should cut the flag stripe by stripe and then star by star.



U.S. Flag Retirement Script

Leader: "The U.S. flag is more than just some brightly colored cloth . . . it is a symbol of our nation."

Scout #1: "Seven red stripes and six white stripes; together represent the original 13 colonies that gained us liberty. The red stripes remind us of the lifeblood of brave men and women who were ready to die for this, their country."

Scout #2: "The white stripes remind us of purity and cleanliness of purpose, thought, word and deed. The blue is for truth and justice, like the eternal blue of the star-filled heavens."

Scout #3: "The stars represent the fifty sovereign states of our union. The American Creed states, "It is my duty to my country to love it, to respect its Constitution, to obey its laws, to respect its flag and to defend it against all enemies."

Leader: "The U.S. flag should be treated with respect when it's flying, and should be treated with respect when it's being retired." (Cont. p. 2)

Flag Retirement Script cont.

Scout # 4: Therefore, we retire flags with dignity and respect when they become worn, torn, faded or badly soiled. A flag ceases to be a flag when it is cut into pieces. We separate the 13 stripes that represent the original 13 colonies and the 50 stars to pay homage to the 50 states that together make up this great nation.

First Stripe: "The thirteen stripes stand for the thirteen original colonies which are: (Read 1st thirteen from list on page 3.)

Second Stripe: "The white stands for purity."

Third Stripe: "The red stands for courage."

Fourth Stripe: "Give me liberty or give me death."

Fifth Stripe: "One if by land, two if by

sea."

Sixth Stripe: "We the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, ensure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare and secure the blessing of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution on the United States of America."

Seventh Stripe: "We hold these truths to be self evident, that all men are created equal. They are endowed by their creator with certain unalienable rights. Among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness."

Eighth Stripe: "Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion or prohibiting the free exercise thereof."

Ninth Stripe: "Congress shall make no law abridging the freedom of speech or press."

Tenth Stripe: "Four score and seven years ago, our fathers brought forth upon this continent a new nation, conceived in liberty and dedicated to the proposition that all men are created equal."

Eleventh Stripe: "One Nation under God."

Twelfth Stripe: "Ask not what your country can do for you, but what you can do for your country."

Thirteenth Stripe: "One small step for man, one giant leap for mankind."

NOTE: Place each stripe one at a time in the already-going fire with a stick. You can either read the 13 colonies' names in alphabetical order or the previous sayings as you place each stripe in the fire.

Have the Scouts line up behind the already prepared flags and have them enter one at a time in a slow solemn manner. When the stripe is placed on the fire, the Master of Ceremonies reads the state or a Scout reads the saying. It is best not to have the same Scout placing the stripe also reading the saying.

If you have more than one flag, separate them beforehand, into piles. Place a stripe from each flag in each of the 13/50 piles. Place all corresponding stripes in the fire simultaneously.

If you have separated the 50 stars: Now have the Scouts, one-at-a-time, take a star and a stick then place it on the fire. As the Scout places the star on the fire, an adult reads each state in the order they entered the union. The Scout stands by the fire until the state is read. Then he returns to the end of the line. The next Scout does not enter the fire ring until the previous Scout leaves. Continue this for all 50 states.

If you have left the star field intact, place it on the flame and then read the 50 states.

The Scouts maintain a vigil over the fire until all traces of the flag remnants are destroyed. Then, the fire is extinguished and the ashes are buried before sunset the following day. The ashes and the metal grommets are buried in separate unmarked graves. The burial can be completed with a moment of silence while a bugler plays "Taps".

SPECIAL NOTE: Some organizations do not like the stars separated because the blue star field represents the union of the fifty states, and one should never let the union be broken. Others feel that each state is equal to the others and, therefore, should have the dignity of the state's name being read.

If you have a small number of flags, or one that has seen special service, it is nice to give its history: When and where first raised; memorable event or fact.

See next page for list of States and continue with the reading, *Remember Me*

The 50 States in the United States

State	State	Settled	Capital	Entered	State	State	Settled	Capital	Entered
#				Union	#				Union
1	Delaware	1638	Dover	12/07/1787	26	Michigan	1668	Lansing	01/26/1837
2	Pennsylvania	1682	Harrisburg	12/12/1787	27	Florida	1565	Tallahassee	03/03/1845
3	New Jersey	1660	Trenton	12/18/1787	28	Texas	1682	Austin	12/29/1845
4	Georgia	1733	Atlanta	01/02/1788	29	Iowa	1788	Des Moines	12/28/1846
5	Connecticut	1634	Hartford	01/09/1788	30	Wisconsin	1766	Madison	05/29/1848
6	Massachusetts	1620	Boston	02/06/1788	31	California	1769	Sacramento	09/09/1850
7	Maryland	1634	Annapolis	04/28/1788	32	Minnesota	1805	St. Paul	05/11/1858
8	South Carolina	1670	Columbia	05/23/1788	33	Oregon	1811	Salem	02/14/1859
9	New Hampshire	1623	Concord	06/21/1788	34	Kansas	1727	Topeka	01/29/1861
10	Virginia	1607	Richmond	06/25/1788	35	West Virginia	1727	Charleston	06/20/1863
11	New York	1614	Albany	07/26/1788	36	Nevada	1849	Carson City	10/31/1864
12	North Carolina	1660	Raleigh	11/21/1789	37	Nebraska	1823	Lincoln	03/01/1867
13	Rhode Island	1636	Providence	05/29/1790	38	Colorado	1858	Denver	08/01/1876
14	Vermont	1724	Montpelier	03/04/1791	39	North Dakota	1812	Bismarck	11/02/1889
15	Kentucky	1774	Frankfort	06/01/1792	40	South Dakota	1859	Pierre	11/02/1889
16	Tennessee	1769	Nashville	06/01/1796	41	Montana	1809	Helena	11/08/1889
17	Ohio	1788	Columbus	03/01/1803	42	Washington	1811	Olympia	11/11/1889
18	Louisiana	1699	Baton Rouge	04/30/1812	43	Idaho	1842	Boise	07/03/1890
19	Indiana	1733	Indianapolis	12/11/1816	44	Wyoming	1834	Cheyenne	07/10/1890
20	Mississippi	1699	Jackson	12/10/1817	45	Utah	1847	Salt Lake City	01/04/1896
21	Illinois	1720	Springfield	12/03/1818	46	Oklahoma	1889	Oklahoma City	11/16/1907
22	Alabama	1702	Montgomery	12/14/1819	47	New Mexico	1610	Santa Fe	01/06/1912
23	Maine	1624	Augusta	03/15/1820	48	Arizona	1776	Phoenix	02/14/1912
24	Missouri	1735	Jefferson City	08/10/1821	49	Alaska	1784	Juneau	01/03/1959
25	Arkansas	1686	Little Rock	06/15/1836	50	Hawaii	1820	Honolulu	08/21/1959

REMEMBER ME?

Some people call me Old Glory, others call me the Star Spangled Banner, but whatever they call me, I am your Flag, the Flag of the United States of America . . . Something has been bothering me, so I thought I might talk it over with you . . . because it is about you and me.

I remember some time ago people lined up on both sides of the street to watch the parade, and naturally I was leading every parade, proudly waving in the breeze. When your daddy saw me coming, he immediately removed his hat and placed it against his left shoulder so his hand was directly over his heart . . . remember?

And you, I remember you. Standing there, straight as a soldier. You didn't have a hat, but you were giving the right salute.

Remember little sister? Not to be outdone, she was saluting the same as you with her right hand over her heart . . . remember?

What happened? I'm still the same old Flag. Oh, I have a few more Stars since you where a boy. A lot more blood has been shed since those parades of long ago.

But now I don't feel as proud as I used to. When I come down the street, you just stand there with your hands in your pockets, and I may get a small glance, and then you look away. Then I see the children running around and shouting . . . they don't seem to know who I am.

I saw one man take his hat off then look around; he didn't see anyone else with theirs off, so he quickly put his back on.

Is it a sin to be patriotic anymore? Have you forgotten what I stand for and where I've been? . . . Anzio, Guadalcanal, Korea, Vietnam, and now the Persian Gulf. Take a look at the Memorial Honor Rolls sometimes of those who never came back—to keep this

Republic free . . . One Nation Under God . . . when you salute me, you are actually saluting them.

Continued p. 4

Well, it won't be long until I'll be coming down the street again. So when you see me, place your right hand over your heart \dots and I'll salute you, waving back \dots and I'll know that \dots

YOU REMEMBERED!

All: Say "Pledge of Allegiance" while flag burns, followed by "Taps" and then a moment of silence.

(This Retirement Ceremony came from a retired Marine and much of the text was taken from postings on the Internet.

 $\underline{\text{http://www.post369.columbus.oh.us/scouting.d/flag.d/flag.retire.html)}}$

Other flag retirement sites:

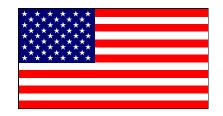
http://www.scoutingbear.com/USA/flagret.htm

A Second-Class Legacy
What a shame that he wasn't more motivated! This Scout only made it to Second Class, although he then went on to:
□ Graduate from Princeton University;
□ Get his pilot's license;
☐ Enlist in the Army Air Corps as a private, become an officer and ultimately retire as a Brigadier General;
☐ Serve in combat in World War II, receiving two Distinguished Flying Crosses, the Air Medal with three oak leaf clusters and the Croix de Guerre;
☐ Have a legendary career as a screen actor, ultimately being nominated for five Academy Awards (not counting the one he received for lifetime achievement);
□ Serve as an adult Scout leader; and
☐ Receive the Silver Buffalo Award for his work on behalf of Scouting.
Who was this late-blooming Scout? See answer on page 5.

Flag Folding

As an Army and Navy custom, the flag is lowered daily at the last note of retreat. Special care should be taken that no part of the flag touches the ground. The Flag is then carefully folded into the shape of a tri-cornered hat, emblematic of the hats worn by colonial soldiers during the war for independence. In the folding, the red and white stripes are finally wrapped into the blue, as the light of day vanishes into the darkness of night.

This custom of special folding is reserved for the United States Flag alone.



How to fold the Flag

Step 1

To properly fold the Flag, begin by holding it waist-high with another person so that its surface is parallel to the ground.

Step 2

Fold the lower half of the stripe section lengthwise **over** the field of stars, holding the bottom and top edges securely.



Step 3

Fold the flag **again** lengthwise with the blue field on the outside.



Step 4

Make a triangular fold by bringing the striped corner of the folded



Step 5

Turn the outer (end) point inward, parallel to the open edge and form a second triangle.



Step 6

The triangular folding is continued until the entire length of the flag is folded in this manner.



Step 7

When the flag is completely folded, only a triangular blue field of stars should be visible.



The preceding *Flag Folding* information was taken from http://www.usflag.org/foldflag.html

Our late-blooming Scout—Jimmy Stewart.

Why Sing?

In Wood Badge and in Scouting, we sing a lot. A question that comes up often is, "Why do we sing so much?"

Taking the big risk of looking foolish sometimes becomes the concern of Scouters, who have just begun to sing and are feeling a bit awkward. But, consider that singing provides a huge and pleasant release from the stresses of the world (and from the stresses of the Wood Badge course).

Additionally, there is that statement about "making a joyful sound." Whether you make your joyful sound to the Lord or just to your shower, singing makes you feel good! And singing those unusual, crazy, funny, patriotic or spiritual songs with other people makes you feel extra good.

Those reasons for singing are good ones. However, the real reason that we sing is for the Scouts.

Cub Scouts especially like to sing, and in certain situations, older Scouts like it, too. One example that comes to mind is a tired young man singing The Philmont Hymn at the final campfire after his 70-mile backpacking trek.

Singing is good for us—and fun too. More importantly, it is good and fun for our Scouts.

Critter Tales

Patrol articles will resume in day four of The Gilwell Gazette. Look for your articles and pictures then. If you wish to submit a Patrol article or have additional information for an already submitted article, please submit it to Janice (janmarard@aol.com) by Saturday, October 30.

Thanks to the Patrols and Patrol Scribes for the wonderful articles that we've received so far.

Flag Folding Ceremony

The flag folding ceremony described by the Uniformed Services is a dramatic and uplifting way to honor the flag on special days, like Memorial Day or Veterans Day, and is sometimes used at retirement ceremonies.

Here is a typical sequence of the reading (Begin reading as Honor Guard or Flag Detail is coming forward).

The flag folding ceremony represents the same religious principles on which our country was originally founded. The portion of the flag denoting honor is the canton of blue containing the stars representing the states our veterans served in uniform. The canton field of blue dresses from left to right and is inverted when draped as a pall on a casket of a veteran who has served our country in uniform.

In the Armed Forces of the United States, at the ceremony of retreat the flag is lowered, folded in a triangle fold and kept under watch throughout the night as a tribute to our nation's honored dead.

The next morning it is brought out and, at the ceremony of reveille, run aloft as a symbol of our belief in the resurrection of the body.

(Wait for the Honor Guard or Flag Detail to unravel and fold the flag into a quarter fold--resume reading when Honor Guard is standing ready.)

The first fold of our flag is a symbol of life.

The second fold is a symbol of our belief in the eternal life.

The third fold is made in honor and remembrance of the veteran departing our ranks who gave a portion of life for the defense of our country to attain a peace throughout the world.

The fourth fold represents our weaker nature, for as American citizens trusting in God, it is to Him we turn in times of peace as well as in times of war for His divine guidance.

The fifth fold is a tribute to our country, for in the words of Stephen Decatur, "Our country, in dealing with other countries, may she always be right; but it is still our country, right or wrong."

The sixth fold is for where our hearts lie. It is with our heart that we pledge allegiance to the flag of the United States of America, and to the republic for which it stands, one nation, under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

The seventh fold is a tribute to our Armed Forces, for it is through the Armed Forces that we protect our country and our flag against all her enemies, whether they be found within or without the boundaries of our republic.

The eighth fold is a tribute to the one who entered in to the valley of the shadow of death, that we might see the light of day, and to honor mother, for whom it flies on mother's day.

The ninth fold is a tribute to womanhood; for it has been through their faith, love, loyalty and devotion that the character of the men and women who have made this country great have been molded.

The tenth fold is a tribute to father, for he, too, has given his sons and daughters for the defense of our country since they were first born.

The eleventh fold, in the eyes of a Hebrew citizen, represents the lower portion of the seal of King David and King Solomon, and glorifies, in their eyes, the God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob.

The twelfth fold, in the eyes of a Christian citizen, represents an emblem of eternity and glorifies, in their eyes, God the Father, the Son, and Holy Ghost.

When the flag is completely folded, the stars are uppermost, reminding us of our national motto, "In God we Trust."

(Wait for the Honor Guard or Flag Detail to inspect the flag--after the inspection, resume reading.)

After the flag is completely folded and tucked in, it takes on the appearance of a cocked hat, ever reminding us of the soldiers who served under General George Washington and the sailors and marines who served under Captain John Paul Jones who were followed by their comrades and shipmates in the Armed Forces of the United States, preserving for us the rights, privileges, and freedoms we enjoy today.

| The Flag Folding Ceremony above is from the <u>US Air</u> <u>Force Academy</u> |

The preceding *Flag Folding Ceremony* information was taken from http://www.usflag.org/foldflag.html

When to fly the U.S. flag

The flag can be flown every day from sunrise to sunset and at night if illuminated properly. Designated flag display days are:

New Year's Day Jan 1 Inauguration Day Jan 20

Lincoln's Birthday Feb 12

Washington's Birthday (President's Day) 3rd Mon in Feb.

Easter Sunday variable

Mother's Day 2nd Sun. in May

Peace Officers Memorial Day (half-staff) May 15 Armed Forces Day 3rd Sat. in May

Memorial Day (half-staff until noon) Last Mon. in May

Flag Day June 14
Independence Day Jul. 4

Labor Day 1st Mon. in Sep. Patriot Day (half-staff) Sep. 11 POW/MIA Recognition Day 3rd Fri. in Sep.

Constitution Day (Citizenship Day) Sep. 17

Columbus Day 2nd Mon. in Oct.

Navy Day Oct. 27

Veterans Day Nov. 11

Thanksgiving Day 4th
Thurs, in Nov.

National Pearl Harbor Remembrance Day (halfstaff) Dec. 7 Christmas Day Dec. 25

And such other days as may be proclaimed by the President of the United States; the birthdays of states (dates of admission); and on state holidays



I am the flag
Author unknown

I am the flag of the United States of America. My name is Old Glory.
I fly atop the world's tallest buildings.
I stand watch in America's halls of justice.
I fly majestically over institutions of learning.
I stand guard with power in the world.
Look up and see me.

I stand for peace, honor, truth and justice. I stand for freedom.
I am confident.
I am arrogant.
I am proud.

When I am flown with my fellow banners, My head is a little higher, My colors a little truer.

I bow to no one!
I am recognized all over the world.
I am worshipped - (Only worship the one true God)
I am saluted.
I am loved - I am revered.
I am respected - and I am feared.
I have fought in every battle

I have fought in every battle of every war for more than 200 years.

I was flown at Valley Forge,

Gettysburg, Shiloh and Appamatox.
I was there at San Juan Hill,
the trenches of France,
in the Argonne Forest,
Anzio, Rome and the beaches of Normandy.

Guam, Okinawa, Korea and Khe Sanh, Saigon, Vietnam know me. I was there.

I led my troops, I was dirty, battleworn and tired, But my soldiers cheered me and I was proud.

I have been burned, torn and trampled on the streets of countries I have helped set free. It does not hurt for I am invincible. I have been soiled upon, burned, torn and trampled in the streets of my country. And when it's done by those Whom I've served in battle - it hurts. But I shall overcome - for I am strong.

I have slipped the bonds of Earth and stood watch over the uncharted frontiers of space from my vantage point on the moon.

I have borne silent witness to all of America's finest hours.

But my finest hours are yet to come.

When I am torn into strips and used as bandages for my wounded comrades on the battlefield, When I am flown at half-mast to honor my soldier, Or when I lie in the trembling arms of a grieving parent

at the grave of their fallen son or daughter, I am proud.

From http://www.vfw764.org/usa flag.html

Star-Spangled Banner (extra verses)

[3] "And where is that band who so vauntingly swore, That the havoc of war and the battle's confusion A home and a country should leave us no more? Their blood has wash'd out their foul footstep's pollution.

No refuge could save the hireling and slave From the terror of flight or the gloom of the grave, And the Star-Spangled Banner in triumph doth wave O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave.

[4] "O thus be it ever when freemen shall stand Between their lov'd home and war's desolation, Blest with vict'ry and peace, may the Heav'nrescued land

Praise the pow'r that hath made and preserv'd us a nation.

Then conquer we must, when our cause it is just, And this be our motto, 'In God is Our Trust.' And the Star-Spangled Banner in triumph shall wave O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave."

From http://www.vfw3893.org/flag.htm

Famous Scouts

Since 1910, Scouting principles have been taught in an atmosphere of recreation and fun, which allows young people to develop self confidence, leadership and moral character. More and more men, trained as Scouts, are taking their places in today's world as responsible adult leaders. Men who earned badges as Scouts, sit on the Supreme Court of the United States. Others hold important offices in our government, business and industry. Most of the members of the present U.S. Congress were Scouts. Of the 214 pilots and scientists selected as astronauts since 1959, more than 125 were Scouts or have been active in Scouting, as well as most of the astronauts who have walked on the moon. The new Suns head coach, Danny Ainge, is an Eagle Scout. The long list of famous Scouts includes but is not limited to:

President John F. Kennedy—Boy Scout

President Gerald Ford—Eagle Scout

J. Willard Marriott, Jr.— President of Marriot Corporation—Eagle Scout

Sam M. Walton—Chairman/CEO, Wal-Mart— Eagle Scout

Neil A. Armstrong—First person to set foot on the Moon—Eagle Scout

Steven Spielberg-Director, Producer-Eagle Scout

William C. Devries, M.D.—Transplanted First Artificial Heart—Eagle Scout

Barber B. Conable, Jr.—President, World Bank— Eagle Scout (From

http://www.faqs.org/faqs/scouting/rec.scouting.usa/part2/section-8.html)

More can be found at:

http://www.eaglescout.org/,

http://usscouts.org/eagle/index.html,

http://bsa.scouting.org

Famous Scouts - Actors



Here are just a few Boy Scouts and Cub Scouts that grew up and became well known actors, television personalities, and directors:

Harrison Ford – Actor (pictured at left)

Richard Gere - Actor John Ritter - Actor (deceased) David Hartman - Actor (Life Scout)

Paul Winfield - Academy award winning actor Richard Roundtree - Actor (Boy Scout) John Schneider - Actor/Singer (Cub Scout) James Stewart - B-17 Pilot, Actor (Boy Scout) John Tesh - TV Celebrity (Eagle Scout)

Walter Cronkite - Journalist, T.V. Commentator **Steven Spielberg** - Film Director/Producer (Eagle Scout)

(from http://www.melrosetroop68.org/2008/05/famous-scouts-actors.html)

Famous Scouts - Politicians



Here are a few Boy Scouts that grew up and became well known politicians, Senators, governors, and even presidents. (Unfortunately, a couple of these seemed to have forgotten the twelve points of the Scout Oath after they grew up.)

William Bennett - Former Secretary of Education (Eagle Scout)

James Brady - Former Press Secretary to President Reagan (Eagle Scout)

William Sessions - Former FBI Director (Eagle Scout)

Murphy J. "Mike" Foster - Governor of Louisiana (Eagle Scout)

Gary Locke - Governor of Washington State (Eagle Scout)

Rick Perry - Governor, State of Texas (pictured above)

Gary Anderson - U.S. Representative from New York (Eagle Scout)

Bill Alexander - U.S. Representative from Arkansas (Eagle Scout)

Charles Bennett - U.S. Representative from Florida (Eagle Scout)

William Dannemeyer - U.S. Representative from California (Eagle Scout)

Daniel J. Evans - Former US Senator and Governor from the state of Washington (Eagle Scout)

Richard Lugar - U.S. Senator from Indiana (Eagle Scout)

Sam Nunn - U.S. Senator from Georgia (Eagle Scout)

J.J. Pickle - U.S. Representative from Texas (Eagle Scout)

Bill Clinton - President of the United States **George W. Bush** - President of the United States **John F. Kennedy** - President of the United States **Gerald R. Ford** - President of the United States (the first Eagle Scout to become President!) [deceased]

(from http://www.melrosetroop68.org/2008/05/famous-scouts-politicians.html)



The Gilwell Gazette is published by your staff.